

## 2020 (Virtual) Convening

### Day 1: Skills Training Tuesday, March 31, 3:00 PM - 5:30 PM, PDT

### Day 2: Reflecting & Looking Ahead Wednesday, April 1, 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM, PDT





# GROUNDWA ER COLLABORATIVE







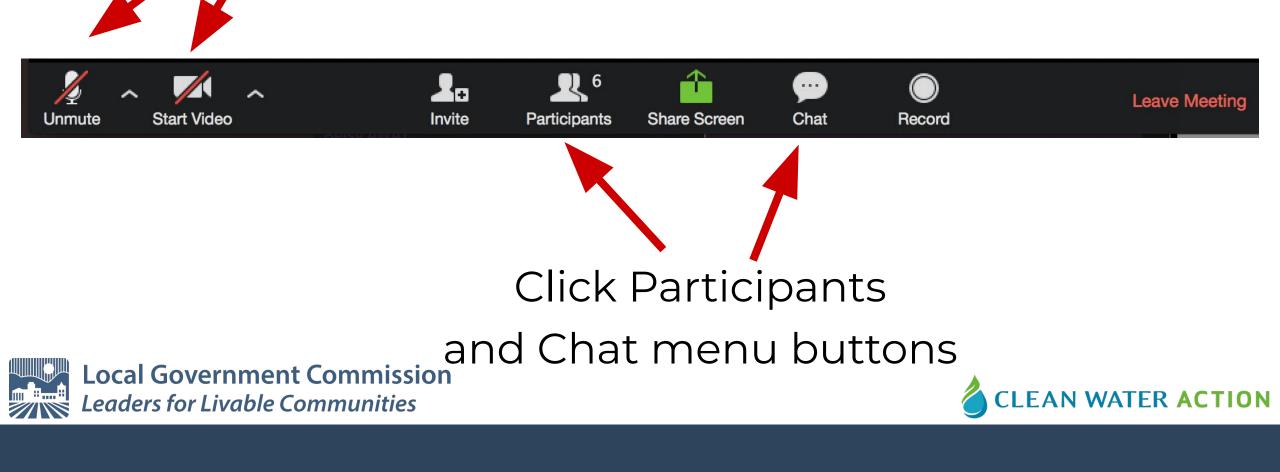
## Zoom Meeting Technical Orientation

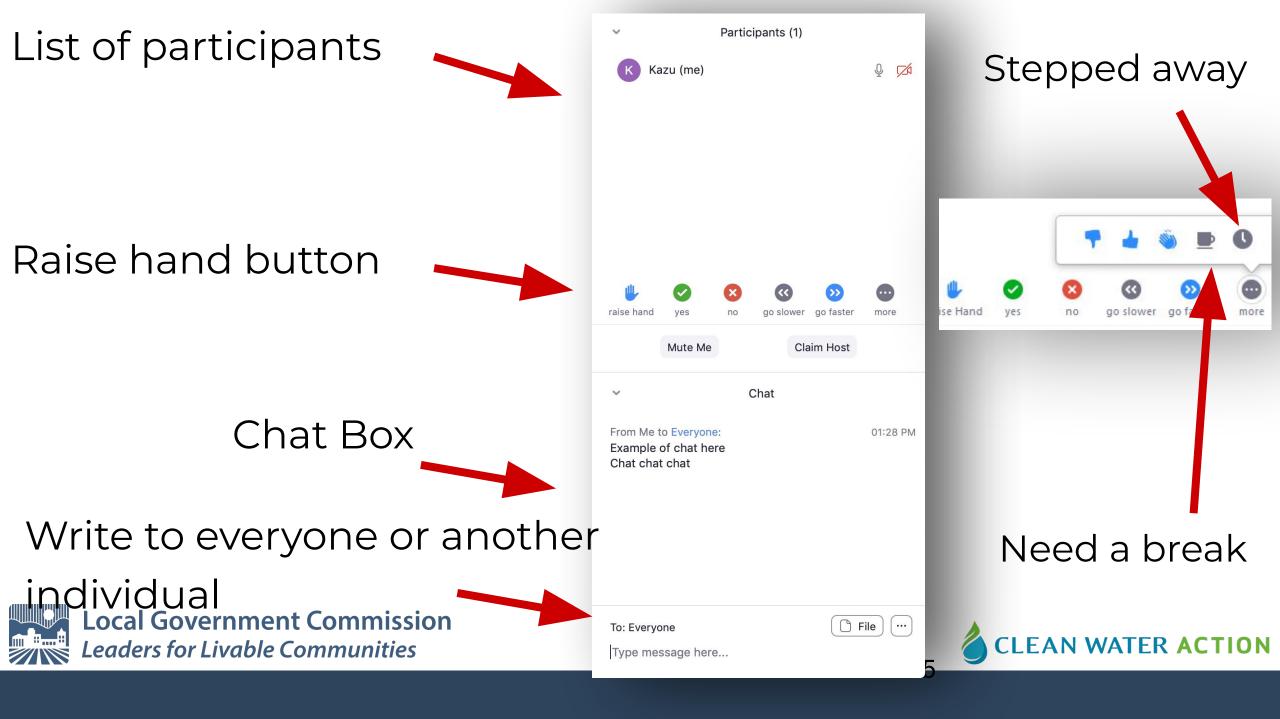






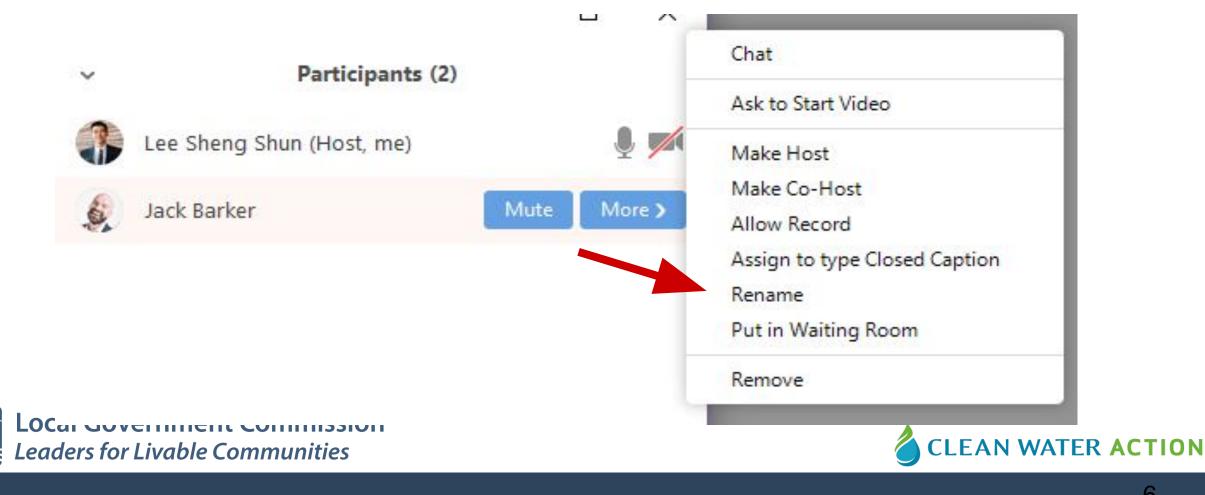
### Click Unmute and Start Video

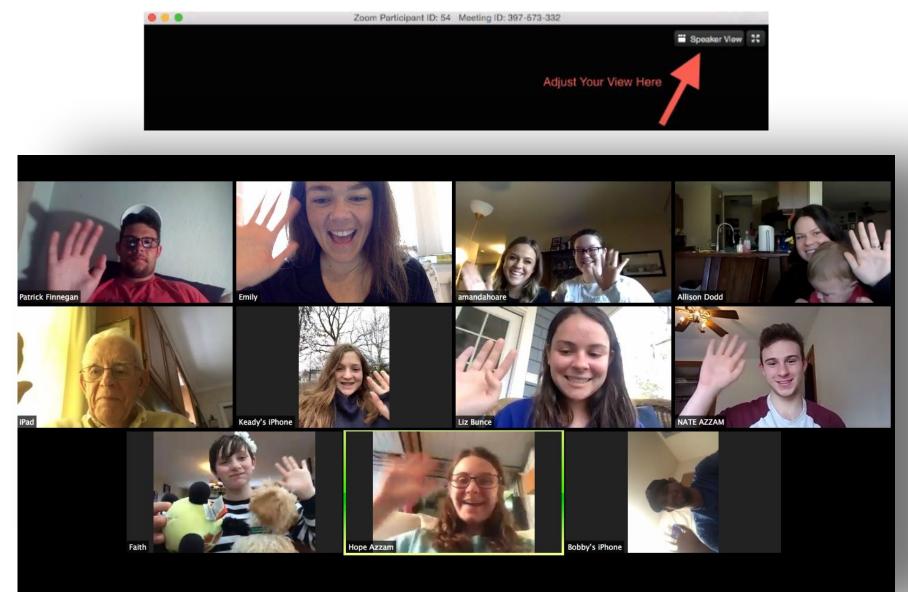




Rename yourself by hovering on

### your name and clicking "Rename".









## **Additional Guidance**

#### NGO Groundwater Collaborative Virtual Convening Attendee Packet

March 31 - April 1, 2020

#### **Table of Contents**

- 1. Zoom Instructions
- 2. Day 1 Agenda
- 3. Day 2 Agenda
- 4. Speaker Bios
- 5. Conference Call Bingo Board

#### Zoom Instructions

Additional support can be found at: https://support.zoom.us/

If you have never used Zoom before, you can join a test meeting to familiarize yourself. Emily will begin the Zoom meeting 20 minutes prior to the start time each day (2:40 pm on Day 1; 8:40 am on Day 2). We highly recommend logging on to the call 15 - 20 minutes before it starts, as heavy user traffic on the hour causes Zoom to slow down. This will also allow time to figure out your audio/video logistics and settle in.





## Reflections from Day 1? Share verbally during sound-check, or via the chat box



- Something you learned?
- Something that surprised you?
- What you can take back to your community / organization?
- What you shared in your break-out group?





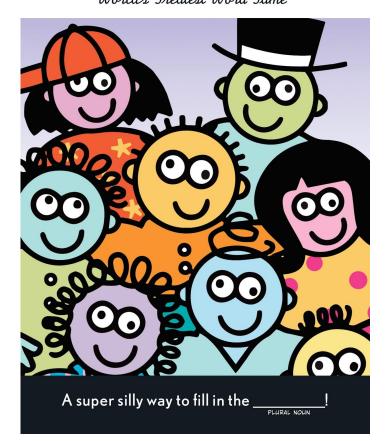


## Morning Mad Libs!

- Fill in the blanks... type your responses into the "everyone" chat box!
- SGMA is the \_\_\_\_\_ legislation that \_\_\_\_\_ because it \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_.
- 2. The \_\_\_\_\_ thing about my basin is that \_\_\_\_\_ while \_\_\_\_\_ without \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The GW Collaborative \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_ and











## Day 2 Reflecting & Looking Ahead

April 1, 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM, PDT







## Welcome & Introductions





## Day 2: Reflecting & Looking Ahead April 1, 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM, PDT

9:00 AM	Welcome & Introductions
9:30 AM	Panel Discussion: 2020 Plan Review Lessons Learned
10:20 AM	Stretch Break
10:30 AM	Break-Out Groups: Taking a Deep Dive - Lessons Learned & Looking Forward & Report Back
11:30 AM	Transition to Brown Bag Lunch Panel
11:30 AM	Transition to Brown Bag Lunch Panel
12:00 PM	Lunch panel
1:10 pM	Summary & Next Steps
1:45 PM	Resource Fair

## Objectives for the Convening

- Gain new skills and resources to aid in engagement moving forward.
- Share primary lessons learned from the first round of GSP development.
- Strategize plan review & collaborative engagement for the next 1-2 years.





## Rules of Engagement

- Mute when not speaking.
- Remain actively engaged.
- Mutual respect suspend judgement/ assume best intentions
- Use the Chat box & Participant Features.
- Step up/Step back.
- Be gracious to the facilitator(s).





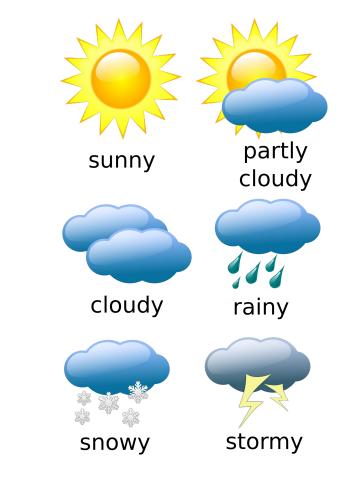




## Morning Warm-up

- Find someone you don't know on the chat; message them privately:
- Describe to that person your mood this morning as a weather forecast
  - (e.g., sunny skies, foggy, etc.).







## Better Know a Basin!

- Provide three clues that describe (but don't identify) your basin; e.g.,
   # of CEAs or Dians
  - # of GSAs or Plans
  - Priority status
  - Biggest issue or concern
  - Most influential stakeholders
  - Other defining characteristics (demographics, hydro/geology, critical habitat, major industries, etc.)
- Winner (3 Points): First person to correctly identify the basin
   (only one guess per participant)



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## Name That Tune (er, challenge)!



- Describe a challenge or difficulty you're currently facing.
- Participants can ask up to 3 clarifying questions.
- **1 Point:** Anyone from a different region struggling/ed with the same or similar issue.
- **2 Points:** Anyone who suggests a viable solution.
- **3 Points:** Anyone who identifies a specific, relevant resource.







## **2020 GSP Review** Lessons Learned





## Panelists

### Samantha Arthur

### Sandi Matsumoto

Working Lands Program Director Associate Director, California Water Program

### Debi Ores

Senior Attorney

California Audubon The Nature Conservancy Community Water Center









TELLING THE STORIES OF CLEAN WATER FUND'S NGO GROUNDWATER COLLABORATIVE

## 2020 Plan Review Lessons Learned

Hosted by the NGO Groundwater Collaborative



### **Groundwater Leadership Forum**

## Environmental Justice NGOs Natural Resource NGOs Academic Institutions













Created by sarah from Noun Project

#### Climate

**Groundwater dependent** ecosystems

**Interconnected surface waters** 

**Drinking water** 

Stakeholder engagement



### **Prioritization of GSPs**

**Small drinking water systems** 

Groundwater dependent ecosystems

**Disadvantaged communities** 

**Coverage by organizations** 

One GSP per critically overdrafted basin

~30 GSPs total



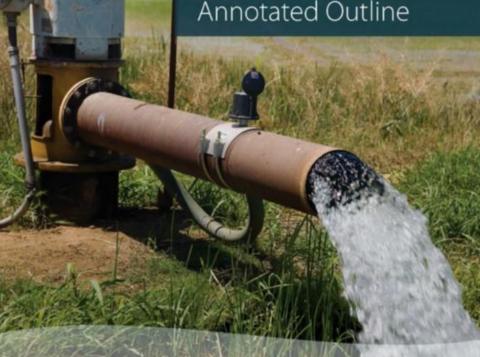




California Department of Water Resources Sustainable Groundwate: Management Program December 2016

Guidance Document for the Sustainable Management of Groundwater

Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) Annotated Outline



### **GSP Indicators**

- **1.** Identification of beneficial users
- 2. Communications plan
- 3. Maps
- 4. Water budgets
- 5. Management areas and monitoring network
- 6. Measurable objectives, minimum thresholds, and undesirable results
- 7. Management actions and costs



Appendix A Review of Public Draft GSP

Groundwater Basin/Subbasin:Paso Robles Subbasin (DWR No. 3-004.06)GSA:Paso Robles GSAsGSP Date:August 2019 Public Review Draft

#### 1. Identification of Beneficial Users

Were key beneficial users identified and engaged?

Selected relevant requirements and guidance:
GSP Element 2.1.5, "Notice & Communication" (§354.10):
(a) A description of the beneficial uses and users of groundwater in the basin, including the land uses and property interests potentially affected by the use of groundwater in the basin, the types of parties representing those interests, and the nature of consultation with those parties.
GSP Element 2.2.2, "Groundwater Conditions" (§354.16):
(d) Groundwater quality issues that may affect the supply and beneficial uses of groundwater, including a description and map of the location of known groundwater contamination sites and plumes.
(f) Identification of interconnected surface water systems within the basin and an estimate of the quantity and timing of depletions of those systems, utilizing data available from the Department, as specified in Section 353.2, or the best available information.
(g) Identification of groundwater dependent ecosystems within the basin, utilizing data available from the Department, as specified in Section 353.2, or the best available information.
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(g) Hennification of groundwater dependent ecosystems within the basin, utilizing data available from the Department, as specified in Section 353.2, or the best available information.
(f) How minimum thresholds' (§354.28):
(4) How minimum thresholds may affect the interests of beneficial uses and users of groundwater or land uses and property interests.





California Department of Water Resources Sustainable Groundwater Management Program January 2018

### 1. Engagement

**Environmental and DAC beneficial** users

Responsiveness of GSAs to "comments that raise credible technical or policy issues with the Plan."



Audubon

### 2. Impacts

Wells and DACs

Groundwater dependent ecosystems

Water sectors - native vegetation and managed wetlands

**Climate change** 

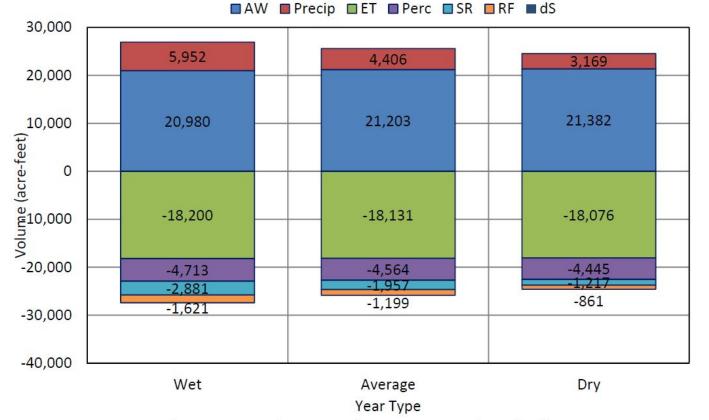


Figure 5. Annual Water Budget, 1991 – 2017 (acre-feet).

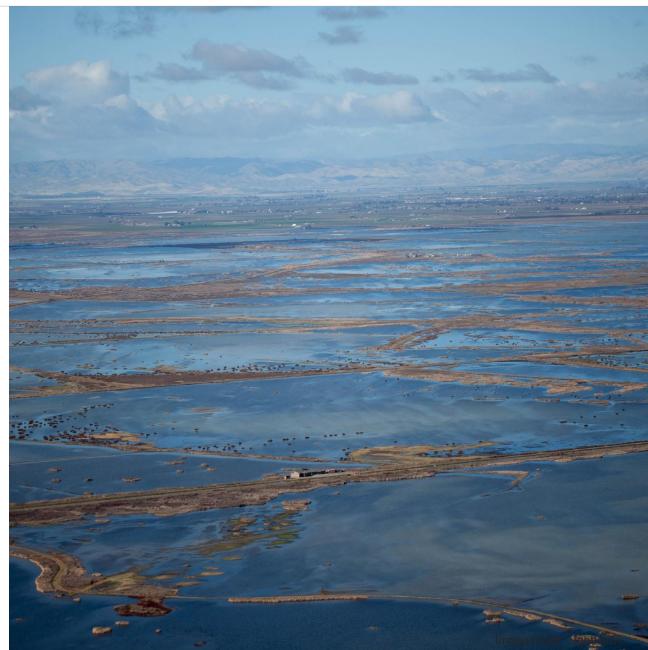


### 3. Outcomes

#### Sustainability

#### **Projects and management actions**

**Undesirable results** 





#### **Final Groundwater Sustainability Plan Review**

Pass/ Fail

• **180-day fix** 

Annual report

• Five-year update

**Comments to DWR** 

Adaptive management



RI-COUNTY

January 2020

## Panelists

### Samantha Arthur

### Sandi Matsumoto

Working Lands Program Director Associate Director, California Water Program

### Debi Ores

Senior Attorney

California Audubon The Nature Conservancy Community Water Center





## Discussion / Q&A







## Panelists

### Samantha Arthur

### Sandi Matsumoto

Working Lands Program Director Associate Director, California Water Program

### Debi Ores

Senior Attorney

California Audubon The Nature Conservancy Community Water Center







## **10-min Stretch Break**







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## **Deep Dive** Lessons Learned - Looking Forward





## Deep Dive: Lessons Learned & Looking Forward

### Break-out Group Discussions

- Equity & Env Justice (Community Engagement, Drinking Water Safety)
- 2. Climate Predictions (Impacts, Monitoring, Modeling, & Uncertainty)
- 3. Env Flows & Recharge (Protections, Incentives, Multiple Benefits)
- 4. Water Markets & Fallowing (Equity & Coordination)



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### Breakout Groups 1 - 2

## 1) Equity & Environmental Justice

Community Engagement, Drinking Water Safety

Amanda Monaco Emily Finnegan

#### 2) Climate Predictions

Impacts, Monitoring, Modeling & Uncertainty

Pablo Ortiz Jennifer Clary



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### Breakout Groups 3 - 4

**3) Environmental Flows & Recharge** *Protections, Incentives, Multiple Benefits* 

> Pablo Garza Cristal Gonzalez

4) Water Markets & Fallowing Equity & Coordination

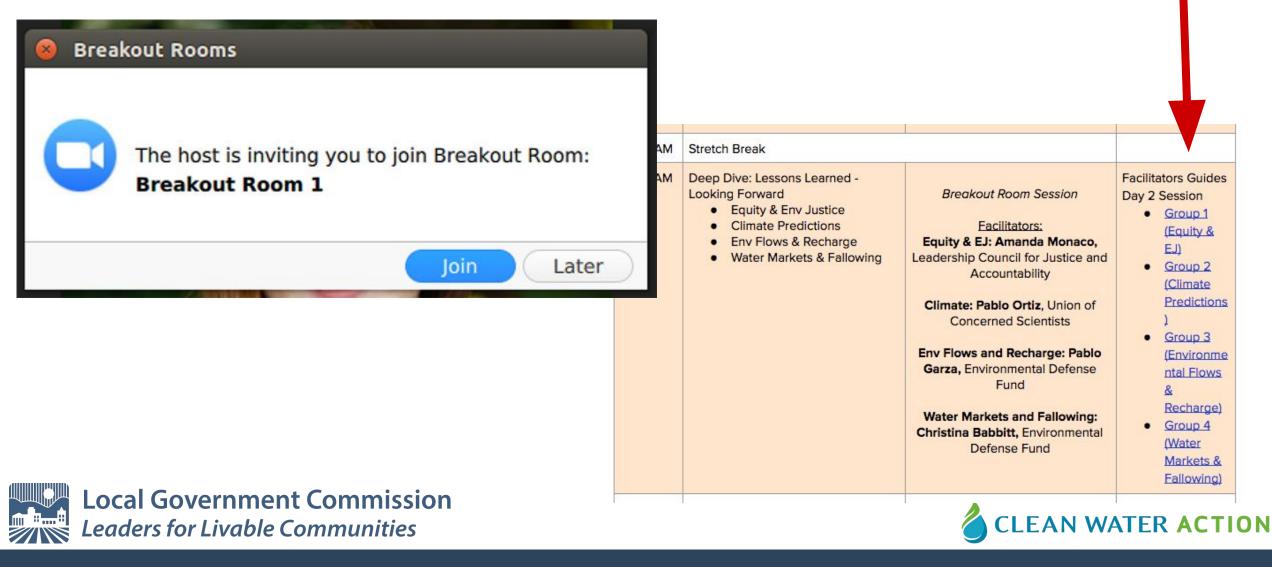
> Christina Babbitt Danielle Dolan



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### Breakout Group Guidance





# **Break-Out Group Reports**





# Report Out

- What can we do to improve implementation of:
   2020 plans in their first five years, and/or
   ensure 2022 plans are more effective?
- How can we better collaborate to do so?









# **Transition to Brown-Bag Lunch Panel**









# **Brown-Bag Lunch with State Agencies** Commitment, Coordination, & Policy Direction





# Panelists

#### <u>Craig Altare</u>

Supervising Engineering Geologist

California Department of Water Resources

#### Natalie Stork

Chief of Groundwater Management Program

State Water Resources Control Board

#### **Catherine Freeman**

Chief Consultant

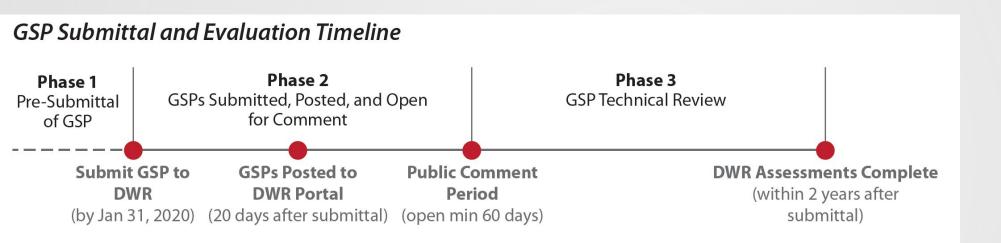
California State Assembly Committee on Water, Parks, and Wildlife





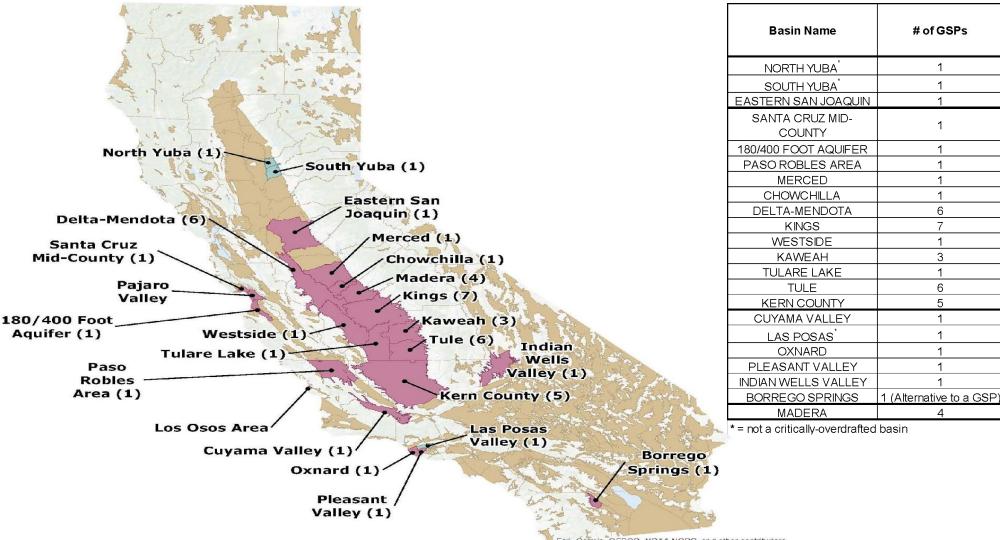


### **GSP Submittal and Evaluation**



#### Joint DWR and State Water Board Fact Sheet

https://water.ca.gov/-/media/DWR-Website/Web-Pages/Programs/Groundwater-Management/Sustainable-Groundwater-Management/Gr oundwater-Sustainability-Plans/Files/GSP/SGMO\_GSP-Overview\_v12\_FactSheet-a-y19



#### **Basins with Submitted Groundwater Sustainability Plans**

Esri, Garmin, GEBCO, NOAA NGDC, and other contributors

Map created from B118 Groundwater Basin Boundaries Published 02/11/2019. This map published 02/20/2020

Comment

Period

Closing Date

6/3/2020

6/3/2020

5/15/2020

6/3/2020

5/15/2020

5/15/2020

5/15/2020

5/15/2020

5/15/2020

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GSAs

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11

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1



- Annual reports for water year 2019 due April 1
- GSP public comment periods end May 15 and June 3 <u>https://sgma.water.ca.gov/portal/gsp/all</u>

### **DWR SGMA Resources**

- Email questions to: <u>sgmps@water.ca.gov</u>
- DWR SGMA listserv:

https://listservice.cnra.ca.gov/scripts/wa.exe?SUBED1=DW R\_SGMP&A=1

- DWR SGMA Portal: <u>https://sgma.water.ca.gov/portal/#intro</u>
- DWR SGMA Data Viewer:

https://sgma.water.ca.gov/webgis/?appid=SGMADataView er



### Probationary groundwater BASIN



State Water Board makes decisions



Opportunity to fix issues



Board gathers data

May require meters

# **Probationary Basin TIMELINE**

90-day notice to cities, counties, GSAs

Public meetings in county

#### 60-day notice to all pumpers

**Probation hearing** 

After 90 days, start recording pumping data

Dec 15, 2021 first reports due & fees soon after



# **SGMAFact Sheets**

- Probationary designation and groundwater regulation
- Stakeholder inclusion
- State and regional boards basics
- Water Quality FAQ
- Overview of Submittal and Evaluation of GSPs in Critically Overdrafted Basins

#### **Catherine Freeman**

Chief Consultant

California State Assembly Committee on Water, Parks, and Wildlife



# Questions?

#### Craig Altare

Supervising Engineering Geologist

California Department of Water Resources

#### Natalie Stork

Chief of Groundwater Management Program

State Water Resources Control Board

#### **Catherine Freeman**

Chief Consultant

California State Assembly Committee on Water, Parks, and Wildlife









# **10-min Stretch Break**













# **Summary & Next Steps**







- Local Challenges & Resources
- Plan Review
- State Agency Coordination







### **Management Actions**

- Difficulty placing economic cost on priceless values; but need to try otherwise they won't be valued at all;
- need to make the economic counter-argument for immediate rather than deferred action
- Monitoring networks need to advocate that GSAs monitor for all relevant SIs, and that data gaps are filled



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# **EJ / Enviro Shared Priorities**

- Need to bridge the gap to better align, *then* integrate our efforts
- Increase communication across our sectors
- Leverage shared history of land use & water mgmt practices that impact both EJ and enviro communities
- Greatest current challenge is representation; neither of us are "in the room" -need to co-advocate for "both/and" representation
- Alliance between our efforts will shift the power dynamic



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### Local Challenges & Resources

- GTAN follow up with Coreen, or click the link in your packet for more info
- Had too much fun during happy hour to talk serious business;
  - Did share some local challenges during discussions & break-outs today,
- Will highlight great resources immediately following this session









#### **Plan Review**

- Equity / EJ
  - Funding to help NGOs AND community members actively participate in GSAs or advisory groups
  - Policy interventions at the state level
  - Sharing best practices for low-tech solutions in the time of COVID
- Climate
  - Better inter-agency alignment, and regional climate modeling (like IRWM)
  - Link guidance to management actions; consider leg to require climate analysis for MAs
  - Fact sheets & guidance on climate nexus w/ other issue areas
- Flows & Recharge
  - Recognize there's a lot of interest in recharge to comply w/ SGMA; BUT different perspectives on HOW to approach recharge e
  - Not enough info in GSPs abt recharge
  - If change water rights for recharge; SWB should judge projects on case by case basis to ensure local needs.
- Water Markets & Fallowing
  - Partner on filling data gaps; commissioning academic or technical studies
  - Collectively advocate for stronger community / stakeholder representation, so we actually have influence on the rules
  - Prioritize individual Management Areas; set specific rules for those MAs.

### **State Agency Coordination**

- DWR & SWB working hard; reviewing plans & coordinating
- DWR Expediting "good" or "simple" plans
- DWR corrective actions even for "approved" plans;
   SWB "probationary" status is discretionary
- Leg is upholding intent of SGMA; no changes unless absolute emergency
- Concerned about funding for SGMA implementation; some concern of efforts to delay or undermine.



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# for Plan Reviewfor the Collaborative







#### for Plan Review

- For economic argument: Consider an economic study of the benefit of restoring or protecting ecosystems (to combat SJV Blueprint Econ Analysis)
- Strategize which 2022 plans to review; streamlining review process based on lessons learned







#### for the Collaborative

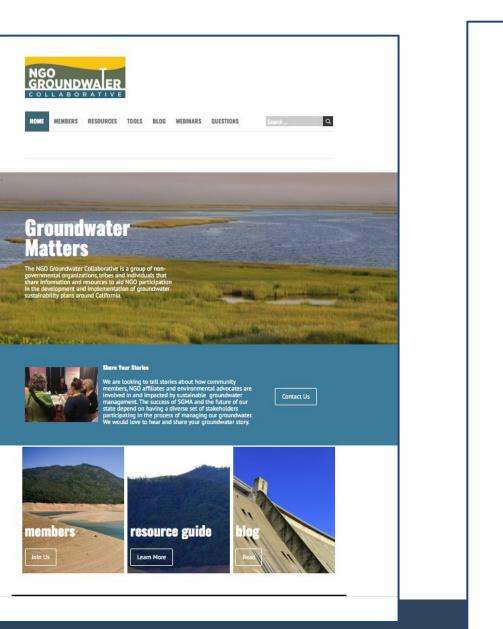
- Continue convening, communicating, sharing resources
- Prioritize topics to develop shared talking points on (across our memberships' interests) or case studies to develop
- Topics for future webinars:

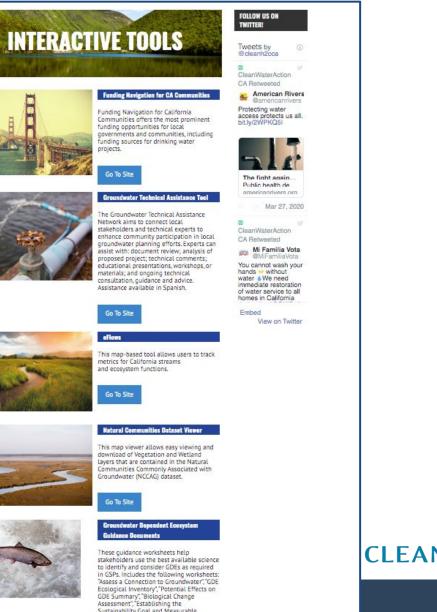




#### cagroundwater.org

-





#### **CLEAN WATER ACTION**



# **Tools & Resources Fair**









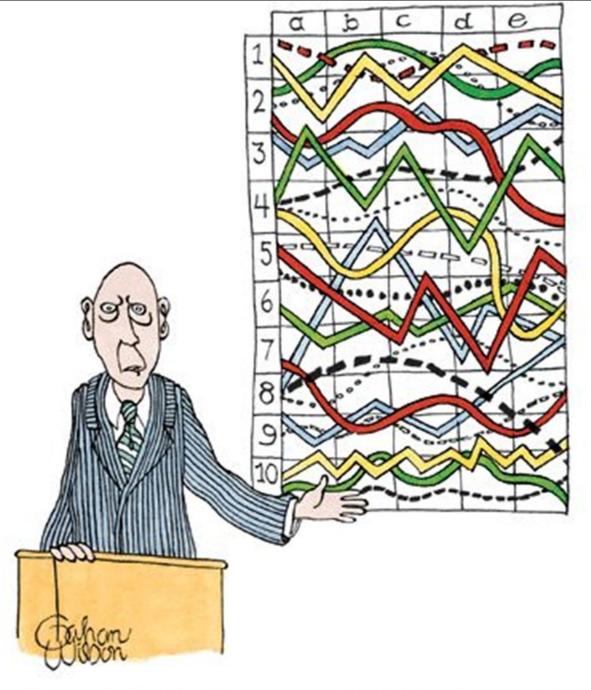


### **Coreen Weintraub**



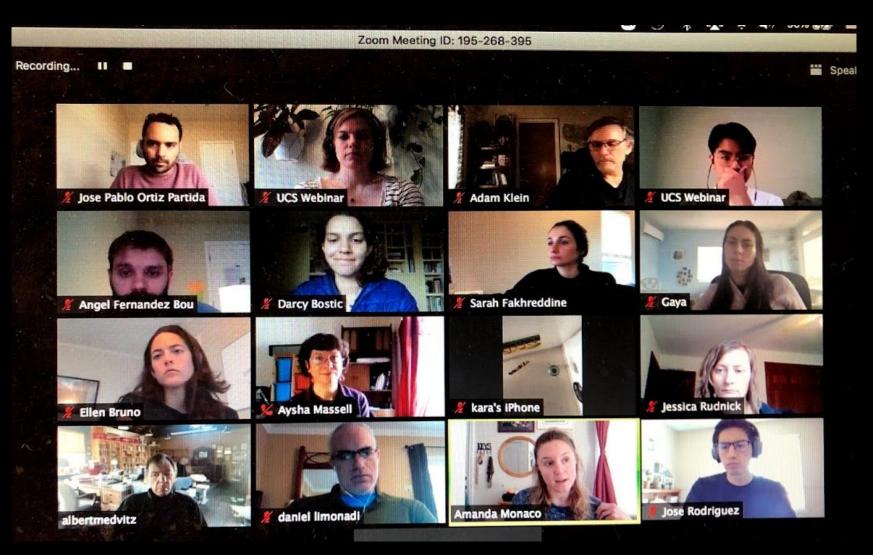






"I'll pause for a moment so you can let this information sink in."

#### Groundwater Technical Assistance Network



Concerned Scientists

#### Groundwater Technical Assistance Network

# Contact: Coreen Weintraub Email: <u>cweintraub@ucsusa.org</u> Phone: (510) 809-1566

www.ucsusa.org/groundwater-technical-assistance-tool



### **Christina Babbitt**



### Finding the ways that work





# Water Accounting and Trading Platform

Christina Babbitt, Ph.D. – Senior Manager, California Groundwater Program, Environmental Defense Fund

April 1, 2020



### Water Accounting and Trading Plat



#### Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Accounting Platform

Welcome to the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District Water Accounting Platform. The platform is designed to meet these objectives:

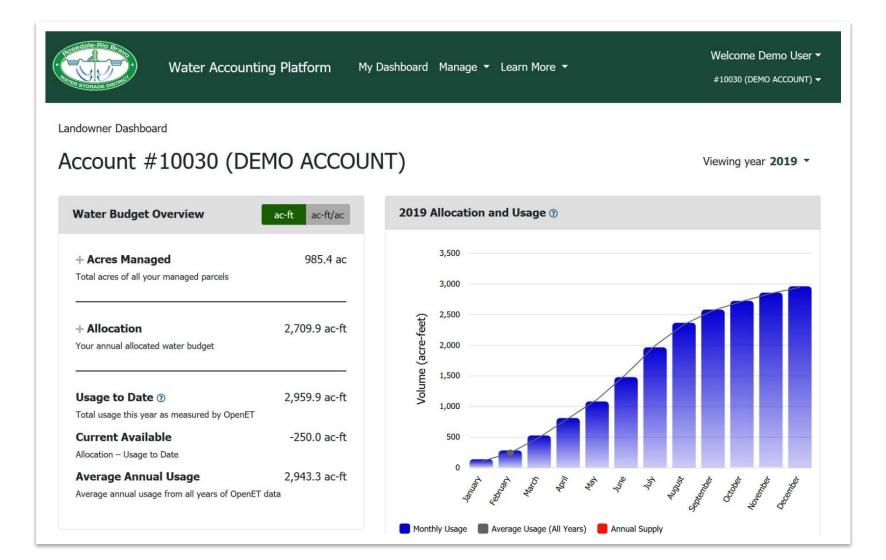
- Create a better understanding of water demand and supplies, for Landowners to effectively and efficiently make informed decisions regarding water supply and land use.
- Utilize a satellite based evapotranspiration model, called OpenET, to give landowners a past and present understanding of water demands on their specific parcels.
- Over the long term, develop the accounting platform into a trading platform, encouraging indistrict water transfers.



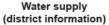
Need help logging in? Forgot Password | Forgot Username | Request Support



### Water Accounting and Trading Platform



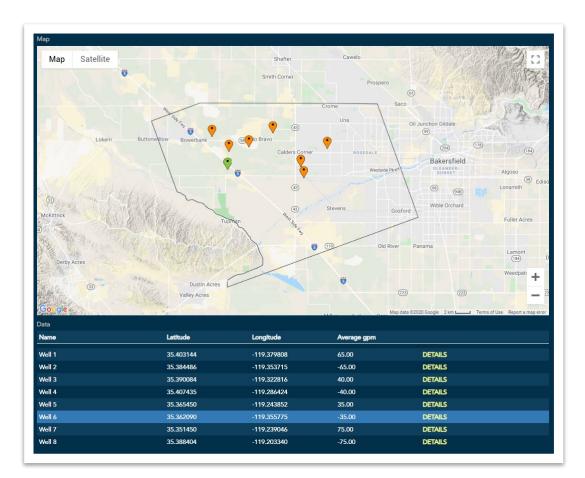


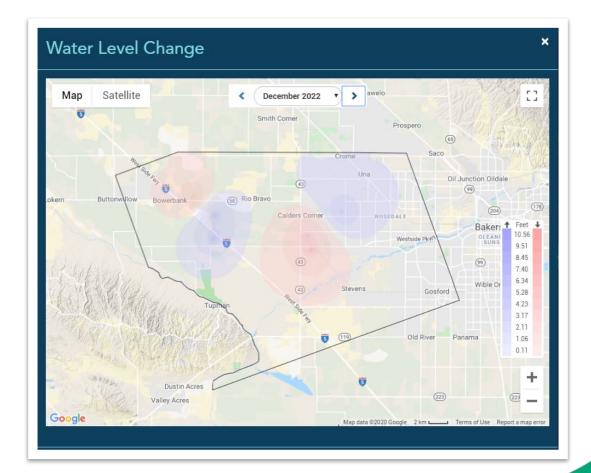


### Water Accounting and Trading Platform



Modeling scenarios





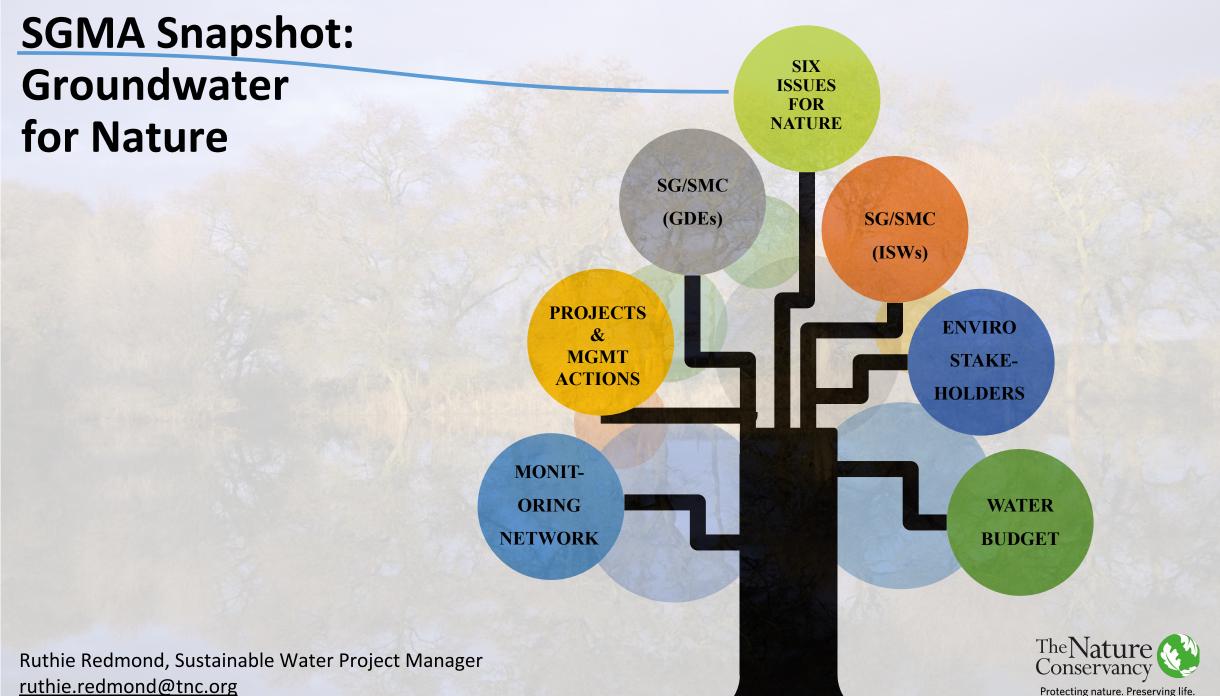
Christina Babbitt cbabbitt@edf.org

### **Ruthie Redmond**









ruthie.redmond@tnc.org



We envision the Snapshot as a resource for stakeholders and local communities to understand how Environmental Beneficial Users (EBUs) of groundwater are being managed in their GSA

The Snapshot will evaluate and provide insight into how the management of groundwater will impact EBUs

Recommendations and Resources will be provided for each issue area impacting EBUs

Ruthie Redmond, Sustainable Water Project Manager ruthie.redmond@tnc.org

#### Eight Sustainability Indicators determine how well Groundwater Sustainability Plans address Nature

How well are GDEs identified and mapped?

How well are ISWs identified and mapped?

How well does the water budget account for the water use of nature (EBUs = GDEs, ISWs, native vegetation, managed wetlands, etc.)?

How well do the SG/SMCs consider GDEs and avoid undesirable results?

How well do the SG/SMCs for ISWs analyze the impact to surface water EBUs?

How well are Environmental Stakeholders (ES) engaged with?

How well are EBUs incorporated in Projects & Mgmt. Actions?

How well are EBUs identified and addressed within the monitoring network?



Protecting nature. Preserving life.

# Available Fall 2020 at groundwaterresourcehub.org

Ruthie Redmond, Sustainable Water Project Manager The Nature Conservancy <u>ruthie.redmond@tnc.org</u>









# Drinking Water Tool

- This tool tells you:
  - Who manages or makes decisions about your water supply;
  - Groundwater quality in the area where you live;
  - Potential impacts to groundwater supply from future droughts;
  - How to get involved in local groundwater management decisions.
- You can either enter in a specific address or look at general information about the state



#### zoom to your address

Select from the boundary types below, then search for a specific location or click on the map for area stats.

- Groundwater Sustainability Agencies 🕄
- Counties 1
- Community Water Systems 🕄

#### **Reference Layers**

#### - Groundwater Users

#### **Community Water Systems**

Community Water System Boundary 🕄

Boundary
 Public Supply Well Location ()

#### Private Domestic Wells 🚯

Private Domestic Well Location (1)

- 1 200 Wells
- 201 400 Wells
- 401 700 Wells
- 700+ Wells

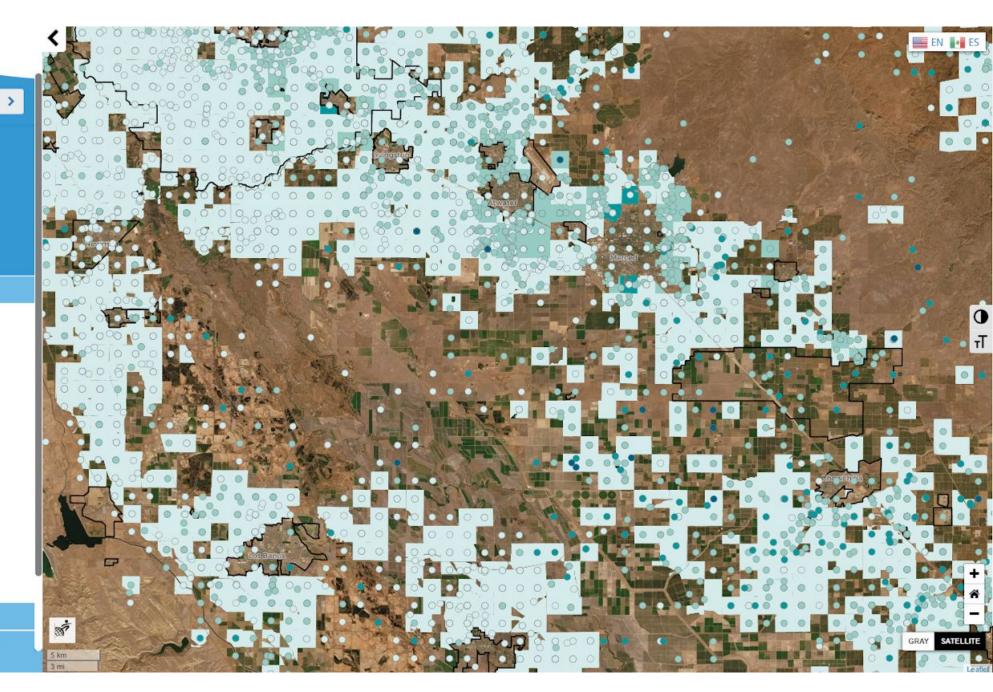
#### Likely Domestic Well Communities 1

O Domestic Well Population

- Up to 250
- 251 1,500
- 1,500 4,250
- More than 4,250
- Domestic Well Housing
- Domestic Well Count

#### + Water Quality

+ Groundwater Supply - Drought Scenarios





#### zoom to your address

Select from the boundary types below, then search for a specific location or click on the map for area stats.

Groundwater Sustainability Agencies 3

Counties 🗊

Community Water Systems 🚯

#### **Reference Layers**

+ Groundwater Users

+ Water Quality

- Groundwater Supply - Drought Scenarios

#### Select Drought Scenario 🚯

50% 75%

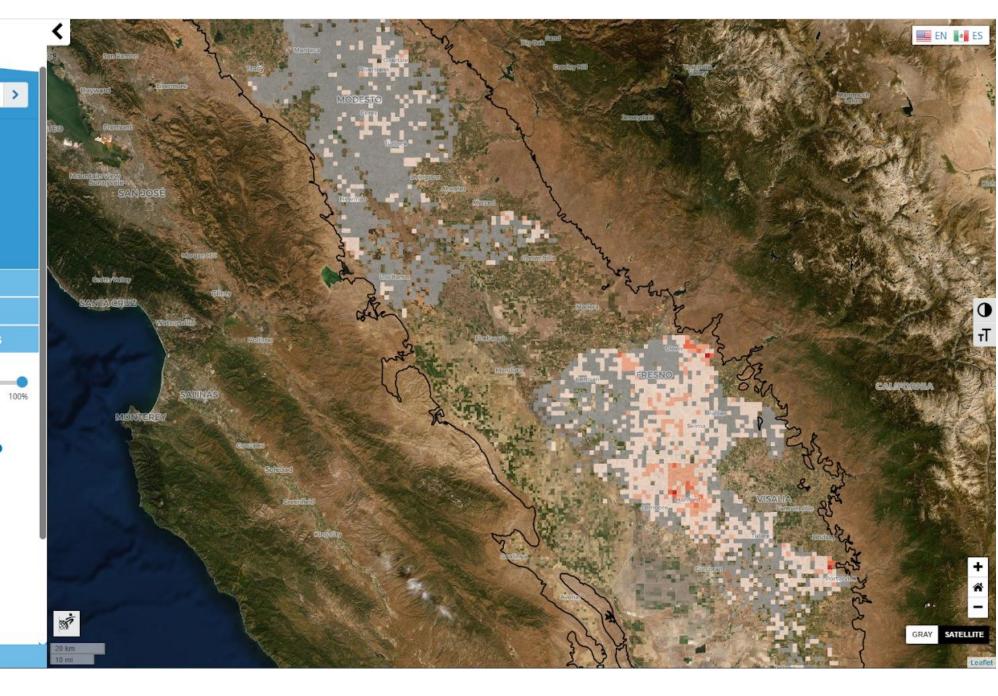
#### Small Community Water System 🚯

Number of Impacted Public Supply Wells ()

Cost to Remediate Impacted Public Supply Wells ()

#### Private Domestic Wells 🚯

Number of Impacted Domestic Wells 3
 0
 1 - 4
 5 - 12
 13 - 26
 More than 26
 Cost to Remediate Impacted Domestic Wells 3
 GSA
 Number of Impacted Domestic Wells 3
 Cost to Remediate Impacted Domestic Wells 3



#### COMMUNITY WATER CENTER EL CENTRO COMUNITARIO POR EL AGUA

Community Water Systems 1

#### **Reference Layers**

+ Groundwater Users

+ Water Quality

- Groundwater Supply - Drought Scenarios

#### Select Drought Scenario 🚯

50% 75%

#### Small Community Water System 🚯

ONUMBER OF IMPACTED Public Supply Wells (1)

Cost to Remediate Impacted Public Supply Wells ()

#### Private Domestic Wells 🚯

Omestic Wells ()

Cost to Remediate Impacted Domestic Wells 🜖

#### GSA

Number of Impacted Domestic Wells ()

Cost to Remediate Impacted Domestic Wells 🕄

#### County

Number of Impacted Domestic Wells ()

Cost to Remediate Impacted Domestic Wells 0

\$0

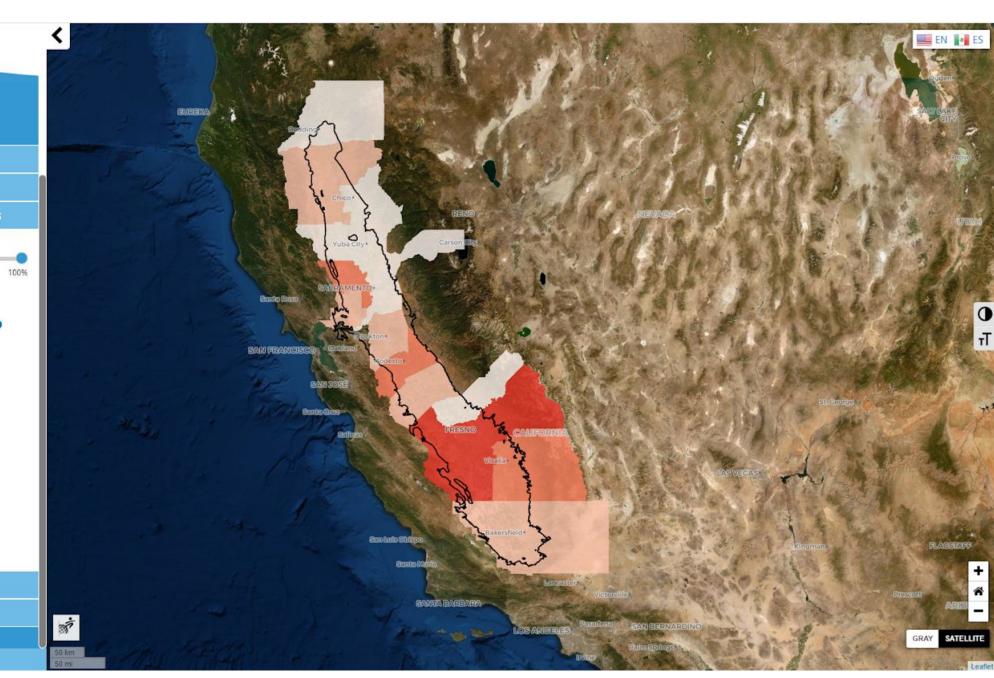
Up to \$1,000.000

\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000

- \$5,000,001 \$20,000,000
- More than \$20,000,000

#### + Demographics

+ Other Boundaries



#### Who Manages My Water?

There are several levels of water management in California, from the community water system who may supply the drinking water to your home, to the local, regional, and state agencies who regulate water availability and quality in wells and streams. This tool identifies different local agencies that may be making decisions about groundwater in your area.

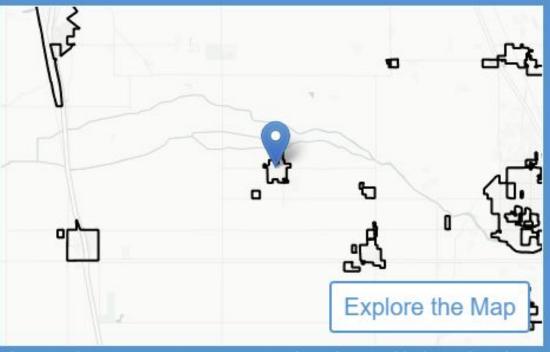
<u>Community water systems</u> are typically overseen by the State's Division of Drinking Water and typically manage their own groundwater wells. For <u>private domestic wells</u>, local agencies will have the authority over any new groundwater well construction or changes to existing wells. Often this will be your County Department of Environmental Health.

<u>Groundwater Sustainability Agencies</u> (GSA) are public entities that manage how groundwater is used locally in certain parts of the state. GSAs have the power to regulate how much groundwater is pumped and by whom. GSAs are developing policies that will impact available supply for both community water system wells and private domestic wells.

According to the information you provided, your drinking water is supplied from a <u>community water system</u> (CWS). CWSs are publicly regulated water suppliers that serve piped, treated water to at least 25 residents or 15 connections year-round. CWS providers can include private companies, mobile home parks, city water systems, and water districts.

Some important jurisdictions in your area include:

- Community Water System: WOODVILLE PUBLIC UTILITY
   DIST
- Groundwater Sustainability Agency: Lower Tule River
   Irrigation District
- County: Tulare



This map shows community water system boundaries in black. "Explore the Map" to learn more about your area.

#### What About Water Supply?

While groundwater is a resource that can be replenished, supplies can be threatened. For example, drought, climate change, and high levels of pumping can mean groundwater levels go down, causing drinking water supplies to decrease. Anticipating whether the area where you live could be impacted by future droughts and other drivers of groundwater level change is complicated. One factor that influences possible threats to your water supply is whether your drinking water comes from groundwater and/or surface water. **This section can help you learn more about your water supply and whether it could be impacted by changes in groundwater levels, like what often happens during a drought**.

Your community water system's primary water source is groundwater.

Even if your community water system's primary source type is surface water, it could also have access to groundwater. If so, its public supply wells may be affected by changing groundwater levels. According to annual reports submitted to the state between 2013 and 2016, by WOODVILLE PUBLIC UTILITY DIST, your system only has groundwater.

This tool includes an assessment of wells in the Central Valley that could be at risk to supply issues based on different scenarios of droughtrelated changes in groundwater levels. The analysis includes both private domestic wells and public supply wells for community water systems that serve less than 10,000 people. To learn more about this analysis visit the <u>Methodology</u>. If you are served by a larger community water system and/or live outside of the Central Valley, please contact your water system, Groundwater Sustainability Agency or county with concerns about supply risks in your area.



The estimated number of impacted community water system public supply wells within 1-mile of the community water system's service area for each drought scenario are:

- O wells in 50% Drought Scenario
- 6 wells in 75% Drought Scenario
- 8 wells in 100% Drought Scenario

#### What About Water Quality?

The federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires CWSs to regularly monitor for drinking water contaminants to determine if and when they are found above a <u>Maximum Contaminant Level</u> (MCL). If contaminant levels are above and in violation of the MCL- the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water – the CWS must notify customers and correct the problem. All CWSs are also required to provide an annual water quality report to customers, called a <u>Consumer Confidence Report</u> (CCR). Private domestic wells are not regulated and thus are not required to monitor their water quality. Thus a homeowner of a house (or group of homes) reliant on a private domestic well is responsible for testing and treating their own well water.

This section of the Drinking Water tool can help you learn more about water quality concerns in your area. This tool currently provides water quality data for four key drinking water contaminants: <u>Arsenic</u>, <u>Nitrate</u>, <u>123-Trichloropropane</u>, and <u>Chromium VI</u>. The MCL for each contaminant is shown in <u>milligrams</u> (mg) or <u>micrograms</u> (µg) per liter (L).

According to the California State Board's <u>Human Right to Water Portal</u>, **WOODVILLE PUBLIC UTILITY DIST had 0 MCL violations** between 2012- Aug. 30, 2019. The Human Right to Water Portal currently serves as the state's primary location information on water system performance measures, like compliance with the <u>Safe Drinking Water Act</u>.

The contaminant levels displayed for your CWS are based on a nine-year average from 2005-2013, for four contaminants. The <u>data</u> was developed and shared by CalEPA's Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment for its <u>CalEnviroScreen 3.0</u> tool. *As such, the data presented in this tool is not necessarily the most up-to-date and may over or underestimate current contaminant concentrations in your water.* To learn more about your system's water quality, contact your water system and ask for a copy of the most recent Consumer Confidence Report.

A zero value indicates that contaminant levels were below the detectable limit at which they can be reliably measured, and a missing value (·) indicates that the contaminant was not measured in the community water system. The 9-year average estimated value for contaminants found in the groundwater are:

- 0.8 ug/L Arsenic (As), the MCL is 10µg/L.
- 7.3 mg/L Nitrate as Nitrogen (N), the MCL is 10mg/L.
- 0.000 μg/L 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP), the MCL is 0.005 μg/L.
- 0.0 µg/L Chromium VI (Cr6), the previous MCL is 10 µg/L and California is in the process of establishing a revised one.

Learn more about the <u>data and methods</u> used to estimate groundwater quality for this tool.



This map shows community water system boundaries in black, shaded by the estimated concentration of Nitrate as Nitrogen mg/L, where darker orange means higher concentration in relation to the MCL. "Explore the Map" to learn more about your area.

More info & video demonstration: <u>https://www.communitywatercenter.org/drinking\_water\_tool</u>

Tool: <u>https://drinkingwatertool.communitywatercenter.org/</u>

Deborah.ores@communitywatercenter.org

## **Becky Rittenburg**





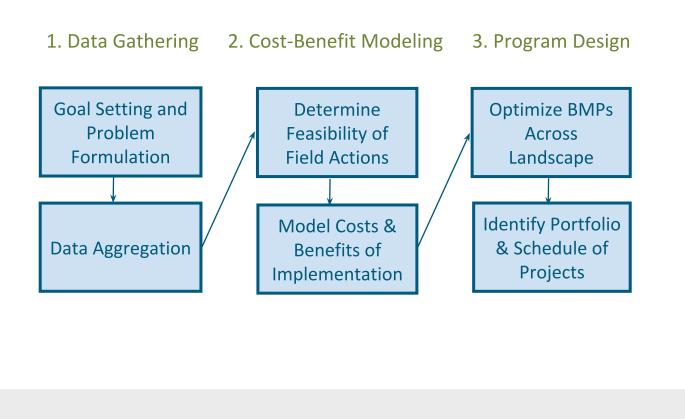


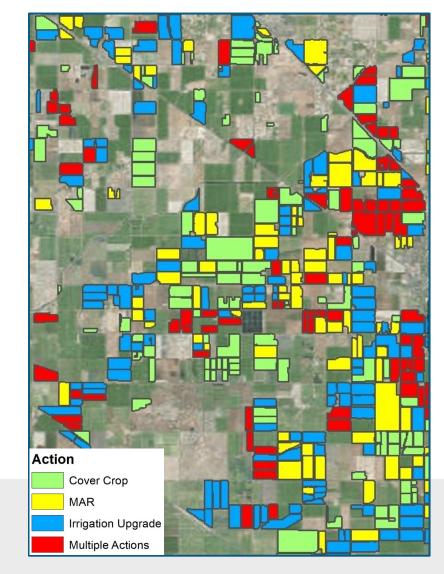


# Decision Support Tools for Groundwater Sustainability Plans

Becky Rittenburg The Freshwater Trust Conservation Programs Manager 4/1/2020 | NGO Convening

### **BasinScout – A Decision Support Tool**





### Project partners and stakeholders are involved in all steps to:

- provide and ground-truth data
- develop program goals, budgets, and define additional constraints

### Assess available benefits and costs for Projects & **Management Actions**

**Basin status** 

GSA **Boundaries** 

Disadvantaged **Communities** 

Recharge Potential

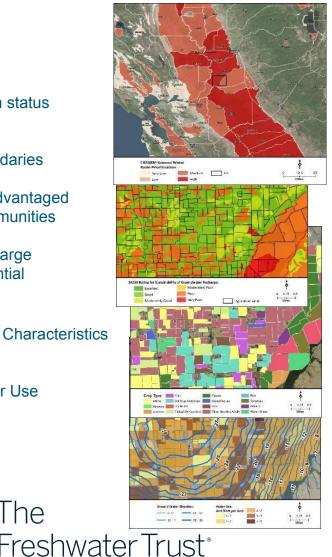
**Field Characteristics** 

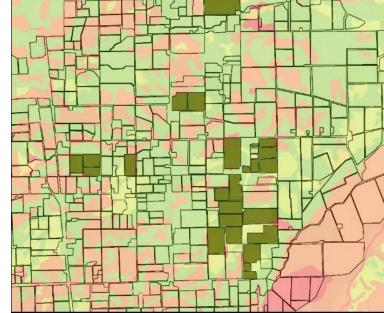
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Changing the course

of conservation

Water Use





**Develop Portfolio of Management Actions to achieve set of** objectives at lowest cost. For example, GSA can design program to:

- Maximize actions on farms within disadvantaged communities
- Increase shallow infiltration by 2,000 acre-feet annually within Groundwater Sustainability Agency boundary
- Prioritize MAR actions on fields with greatest potential benefit to groundwater dependent ecosystems

**Becky Rittenburg** becky@thefreshwatertrust.org **Erik Ringelberg** erik@thefreshwatertrust.org

### **Amanda Monaco**

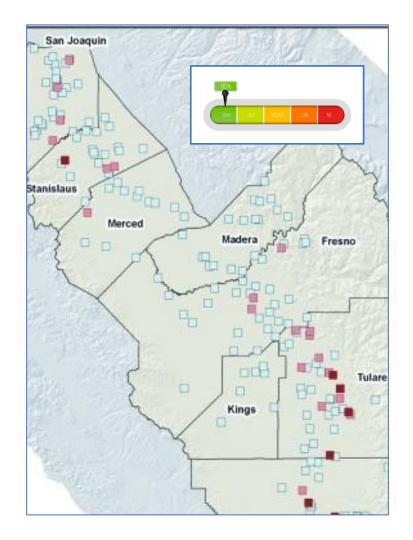






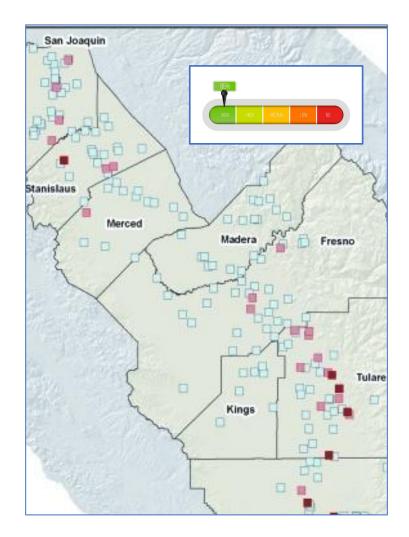
# AI for Earth

- Al for Earth: Mapping the impact of GSAs' activities on vulnerable domestic wells
  - Uses a cleaned-up state well completion report dataset to show where wells are, and then uses artificial intelligence (AI) to estimate where other wells may be.
  - Using a sliding scale and presets on the map, the user will be able to see what the impact will be on wells across the SJV or in a specific GSA area, based on:
    - Minimum thresholds set by GSAs
    - Other projections
    - Also have the ability to show impacts at any groundwater level selected by the user.



# AI for Earth

- The goal: community residents, advocates, the public and GSA officials and staff will clearly be able to see the impact of GSAs'
  - The **public** can learn about groundwater impacts and exert pressure on GSAs
  - **GSAs** can be better able to visualize their impact on vulnerable users
  - **Communities** and **advocates** can use powerful visuals to advocate for policies, projects and management actions that protect drinking water



## Stay tuned!

Amanda Monaco Leadership Counsel for Justice and Accountability <u>amonaco@leadershipcounsel.org</u>

### **Daniel Mountjoy**



# Sustainable Conservation









# Sustainable Conservation and Earth Genome

Daniel Mountjoy

Director of Resource Stewardship

# Groundwater Recharge Assessment Tool (GRAT) Public Viewer

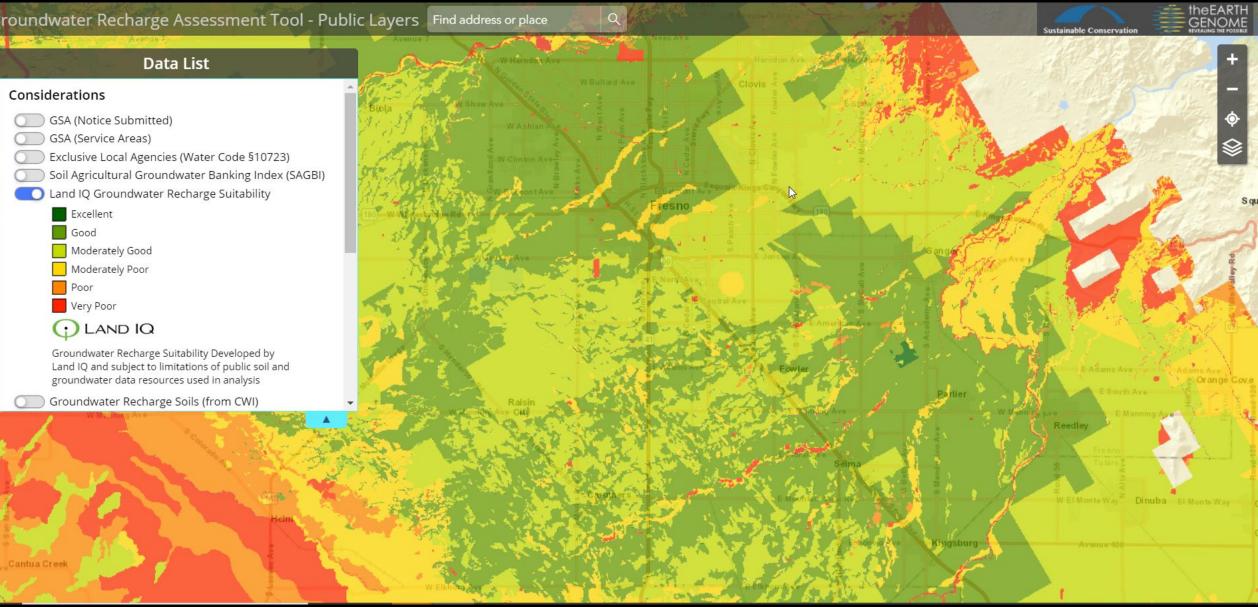
What it does:

- Visualize recharge site suitability for prioritizing recharge projects and management actions
- Identify DAC locations for consideration of recharge effects

How it works:

• Available on line at <a href="https://gratviewer.earthgenome.org/">https://gratviewer.earthgenome.org/</a>

#### Groundwater Recharge Assessment Tool - Public Layers Find address or place



#### Groundwater Recharge Assessment Tool - Public Layers Find address or place

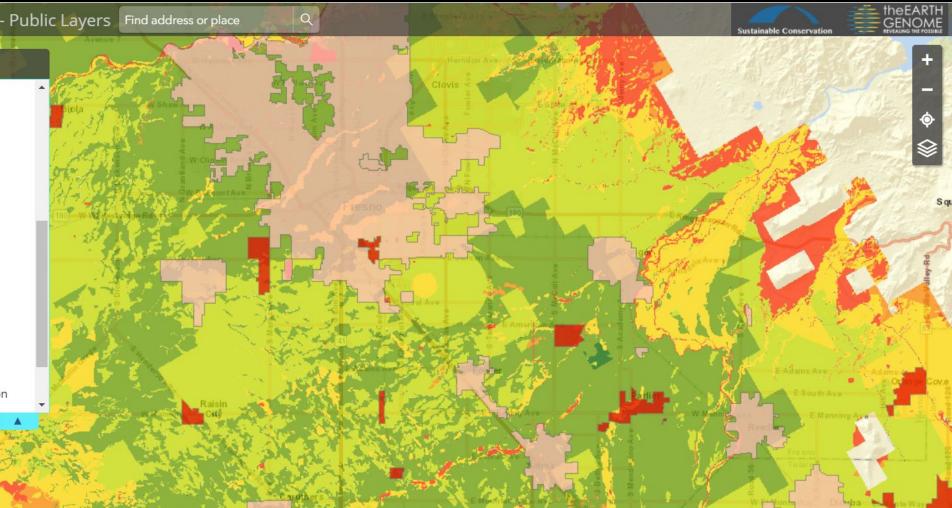
#### Data List

groundwater data resources used in analysis

- Groundwater Recharge Soils (from CWI)
- CA Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM)
- DWR Groundwater Contours Fall 2016
- US Drought Monitor (current)
- Flood Risk (per FEMA)
- USDA CropScape 2016
- CA Disadvantaged Communities
- CA Disadvantaged Community Places

📃 Data Not Available

- Severely Disadvantaged Community
- Disadvantaged Community
- Terrestrial Ecoregions
- Critical Habitats
- National Water Model Reservoirs
- National Water Model River Flow Velocity
- National Water Model Near-Surface Soil Saturation
- NIDCE Coile Drainage Class



# Groundwater Recharge Assessment Tool (GRAT) Public Viewer

What it will do soon:

- include groundwater quality layers to ensure that recharge projects consider existing conditions and evaluate benefit or risk of recharge method.
- Include habitat restoration potential for consideration of land use change.

Who is it useful for:

- The GRAT Public Viewer is available to everyone to see multiple map layers.
- GRAT<sup>™</sup> is also available to water agencies and GSAs that want to upload their own recharge water availability and timing, infrastructure, crop maps and costs to run recharge scenarios over time to inform SGMA implementation.

### Tara Moran







## Coordination under SGMA

- What: NSF-funded research project to better understand factors influencing agencies decisions to work collaboratively or independently on their GSPs
- Where: Focuses on the 21 critically overdrafted basins
- Progress: We have conducted interviews and a survey with most GSAs
  - Currently developing a framework for coding collaboration in the GSPs
- Why: Results from this research will be used to support coordination efforts in the high- and medium-priority groundwater basins, as well as groundwater management more broadly

### Additional project information

<u>https://watergovernance.umasscreate.net/groundwa</u> <u>ter-sustainability/sgma/</u>

### **Contact information**

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Tara Moran: tamoran@stanford.edu

# Integrating Climate Change into the GSPs

- What: Analysis of the range of treatments of climate change under the SGMA regulatory mandate to incorporate climate change into groundwater planning and the enabling factors for sound integration.
- Where: Focuses on the GSPs from the critically overdrafted basins
- **Progress:** We have created a framework for evaluating climate change integration into the GSPs based on the literature & reading draft GSPs
  - Currently finalizing to apply to all the critically overdraft GSPs this spring
- Why: This research seeks to identify best practices (in practice!) and how we can enable climate robust water resources planning through regulation and other avenues.

### <u>Contacts</u>: **Courtney Hammond Wagner**: <u>chamwag@Stanford.edu</u>; **Tara Moran**: <u>tamoran@stanford.edu</u>

### Thank you for joining our 2020 (Virtual) Convening

### And let us know what you thought!

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CS675WC

# NGO GROUNDWA ER

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Local Government Commission Leaders for Livable Communities

http://caaroundwater.ora/



